## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 7.74 File No. Primary Registration District No. 40/8-8 Ilf death occurred in a hospital or institution. give its NAME instead of street and number.] MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS 5 RINGLE 16 DATE OF DEATH MARRIED WIDOWED OF DIVORCED (Write the word I HEREBY CERTIFY. that I attended deceased from (Day) (Year) (Month) If LESS than 1 day,....hrs or.....min.? CCUPATION ) Trade, profession, or articular kind of work. ) General nature of industry isiness, or establishment in hich employed (or employer) BIRTHPLACE City or town, ate or foreign country) CONTRIBUTORY ..... 10 NAME OF (Secondary) FATHER 11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country 12 MAIDEN NAME O \*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, OF MOTHER (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal. $^{3}$ 18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, 13 BIRTHPLACE or Recent Residents) OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country) At place of death of tra. 3 mos. ds. In the State 4 BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE if not at place of death?..... 20 UNDEREL Filed.

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation. Precise statement of : cecupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question:applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect. Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationarysfireman, jete. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments. it is necessary to know (a) the kindfof work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is approvided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman. (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. 'Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary); may be entered as Housewife; Housework; or At home and children, anot gainfully employed, as !At school: or ! At! home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for. -wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaids etc. If the roccupation has been changed or given up on account For the disease causing death, state occupation at abeginning offillness. If retired from business, that fact may be; indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have ano occupation whatever. : write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation) susing always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: \*Cerebrospinal\* fever\* (the only definite synonym, is "Epidemic cerebrospinal\* meningitis"); \*Diphtheria\* (avoid use of "Group"); \*Typhoid fever\* (never report

"'Typhdid pneumonia''); Lobar meumonia; Bronchospneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, etc., origin: "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. .Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.). "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart-failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia." "Weakness." etc... when a definite diseases can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all idiseases: resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerreral septichaemia." "PUERPERAL peritonitis," mete. State (cause, for which surgical: operation was sundertaken. | For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY; and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental adrowning; struck tiby irailway a train-accident; & Revolvers wound: [of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, was fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclatures of: the American Medical Association.)

## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

| CERTIFICATE OF DEATH  |  |                                     |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1. PLACE OF DEATH  County Trancor Registration District  Township Trancor Primary Registration  | / N/Ch   | / ~ /                               |
| City (No. St. Ward)  2. FULL NAME Morve Boy (  (a) Residence. No. (Usual place of abode)  (Usual place of abode)  (Usual place of abode)                              |  |                                     |
| (Usual place of abode)  Length of residence in city or town where death occurred yrs. mos.  | (If nonresident give city of ds. How long in U.S., if of foreign birth?  | or town and State)<br>yrs. mos. ds. |
| PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH   |  |                                     |
| A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF   | 16. DATE OF DEATH MONTH, DAY AND YEAR)  17.  1 HEREBY CERTIFY, That I attended do 19. 19. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10. 10 | , 19, and that                      |
| DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND PAR) / 8 8 7  AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS If LESS than day,   |  |                                     |
| OCCUPATION OF DECEASED  (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work  (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) | CONTRIBUTORY. (duration) ys  | sds.                                |
| (c) Name of employer  BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY)  10. NAME OF FATHER  | 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED  IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH?  |                                     |
| 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN)   | WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY?  WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSIS?  |                                     |
| 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY OR TOWN)   |  |                                     |
| [NFORMANT   | 19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL   | DATE OF BURIAL                      |
| FILED Jan 1919 Dr. F. L. Neuth REGISTRAR  | 20. UNDERTAKER   | ADDRESS                             |
|   | `\ =   |                                     |

PARENTS

14.

ALL INFORMATION CALLED FOR MUST BE WRITTEN ON THIS SUPPLEMENTARY.

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Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, periloneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of.....(name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.: Bronchopneumonia (secondary). 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or homicidal, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.

Additional space for further statements by Physician.

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